

Training curricula

DEL 4.1 - WP4

EACEA – Erasmus+ Capacity Building in VET, n 101092478 — V.I.R.TU.A.L.



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GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The WP4 of V.I.R.Tu.A.L. Project aims:

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- design learning-outcome based Curricula, taking into account entrepreneurs needs caused by pandemic situation and digital didactic materials
- improve the ability of teachers to interact with the business world and their ability to transfer business needs into educational curricula
- develop specific tools and guides supporting VET designers in the instantiation of new curricula into EU Curriculum
- measure and enhance the design, content and delivery of the programs within a VET provider. VR teaching and learning have a great potential and high effectiveness levels by stimulating spatial memory and allowing users to master various skills in different fields. Each field of study has great opportunities in VR/AR and this should be incorporated in study program so that students are more prepared for the future job market.

This Deliverable n. 4.1 (WP n. 4) aims to present two training curricula specifically tailored to the pathways offered by the V.I.R.Tu.A.L. Project, utilizing virtual reality technologies as well. In particular, the curriculum definition has been heavily focused on the specific items developed through the virtual environment, and both curricula were structured accordingly.

These curricula were therefore prepared and articulated in direct relation to the opportunities and specificities offered by virtual training, aiming to achieve a structure, as coherent as possible, with the virtual learning of the identified skills and competencies.

This deliverable also intends to lay the foundations for the subsequent development of the Memorandum of Agreement, starting from the regulation of the ECVET system in the various countries participating in the Virtual Project.

2 APPROACH

In Anglo-Saxon literature on instructional design, the term learning outcomes refers to the learning results achieved by a learner during or at the end of an activity, a course, or a program of education or training (Miller, Linn, & Gronlund, 2013). The outcomes that are part of learning outcomes must be enduring, not transient, meaning those that the learner will carry with them consistently after the end of the course. They are described in terms of performance, that is, observable behaviours related to what the learner knows and can do, which constitute evidence of the achievement of a general goal (Gronlund & Brookhart, 2009).



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While general objectives (expressed in literature with the term goals or instructional outcomes) broadly refer to knowledge, skills, attitudes, values that instructional action aims to shape in the learner in the long term (Allen, 2004; Cariveau, 2016), learning outcomes refer to what is learned in relation to the instructional action itself, i.e., its outcome: the individual who has actually acquired the learning defined by the general objectives is able to perform certain observable tasks in relation to certain content when asked to address specific tasks and stimulus situations. The performances carried out represent indicators of achievement of the general objective to which they refer. In summary, general objectives provide direction and guide teachers' instructional actions and learners' learning experiences, while learning outcomes operationally define them, that is, they specify the observable elements that indicate their achievement and - based on these - the thought processes and content to work on to pursue the general objectives.

In the case of VIRTUAL, the prior definition of learning outcomes is extremely functional for:

- Designing how to organize teaching by taking into account the opportunities offered by training delivered in a virtual environment. Designing activities based on learning outcomes ensures coherence between these, the initial general objectives, and the functionalities offered by the virtual environment. This is also crucial for communicating to students, who will guide their efforts in the right directions. Used in this way, the learning outcomes, as explicitly stated in this deliverable, become themselves part of the teaching. Therefore, we can add that the curriculum allows for linear planning of teaching materials carried out by the teacher/trainer, including those materials that the trainer develops and enhances through the virtual environment.
- Assessing learning outcomes: Referring precisely to learning outcomes to design assignments and stimulus situations allows for effectively evaluating what the didactic action (guided by the same learning outcomes) has intentionally promoted in the student and not other aspects. A frequent problem is indeed the coherence between teaching and assessment: if the assessment tasks proposed focus on learning outcomes that have not been intentionally pursued in teaching, it is very likely that students will not achieve good results on such tasks, which, besides representing a didactic problem, undermines any attempt to account for the path. In assessing individual students, the definition of strategic and detailed learning outcomes facilitates both the formulation of synthetic evaluative judgments (based on a system of correspondence between a synthetic expression, such as a grade, and the learning outcomes achieved) and analytical and detailed judgments, starting from the performances that the learning outcomes themselves define. In assessing the overall outcomes obtained with the activities, pathways, and programs proposed, the level of achievement of the predetermined learning outcomes by a greater or lesser number of students is an index of the success of the training action (according to the dictates of goal-based evaluation, Scriven, 1991) and can provide analytical information for any

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redesigns and improvements. In the case of VIRTUAL, designing for learning outcomes allows us, through student assessment, to also evaluate the effectiveness of the virtual tool as an alternative (or support) to learning in the company (and therefore as so-called "on-the-job" learning).

Two curricula have been identified for the two sectors of hospitality and catering. These curricula specifically refer to some of the activities and tasks carried out by the following professional figures:

- Room attendants/ Housekeeper, concerning the hospitality sector
- Table waiters, concerning the catering sector.

The learning outcomes have been identified with exclusive reference to those activities that are academically supported, in the piloting of the V.I.R.Tu.A.L. Project, by virtual teaching tools. Therefore, the curricula have not been formulated regarding the overall role of the two identified figures, including their respective learning outcomes, skills, and knowledge, but rather refer to those tasks that are the subject of piloting in a virtual environment.

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3 TARGET GROUPS

The training curricula/programs are addressed to multiple target groups:

- Students in VET system
- Workers and entrepreneurs in tourism and restaurant sectors, specifically:
 - Waiters and Supervisory Staff in restaurants
 - Housekeepers and Supervisory Staff in hospitality
 - Hotel & Restaurant Managers
 - Entrepreneurs and Small Business Owners
- Tourism Educators/Trainers/Teachers

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4 STRATEGY IN CURRICULUM BUILDING

V.I.R.Tu.A.L. Project, during WP2, has implemented various actions aimed at understanding the situation regarding dual training in the target countries of the Western Balkans, with specific reference to the hospitality and restaurant sectors. The analyses conducted alternated desk methodologies with on-field methodologies, starting from comparisons with VET providers, and concluding with analyses carried out on entrepreneurs in the relevant sectors. The latter, as known, were conducted through forms of comparison and collection of suggestions, both more synthetic - questionnaires - and more in-depth - interviews.

All of this has led us to formulate, in this context, a series of considerations:

- There is no uniformity among the contents of the dual training paths mapped in the 3 countries of the V.I.R.Tu.A.L. Project, neither in terms of structure nor regarding the content of the courses.
- From the comparison with companies in the two sectors, it emerges that the approach to dual training (school-to-work) for new employees, and to continuing training for those already working, differs in the three partnership countries. While dual training is practiced in Kosovo and Albania, there are no takers in Macedonia. The indications obtained emphasize the fact that in Macedonia there is no interest on the part of companies in participating in this type of program, but it is also emphasized that this is also due to the fact that there is currently no clear possibility of activating this type of pathway, to which is also added the concern that once trained, young people will leave the company to seek other employment opportunities outside of Macedonia.
- In all cases, the criticality emerges in finding professional figures who "know how to carry out their work while ensuring the quality standards that the market requires." However, regarding the type of skills perceived as lacking, these are not always directly related to the lack of specialized training. Often, training gaps are linked to the need to experiment with skills in the field, and thus it is up to the company to transfer the necessary knowledge for this to happen. However, companies are not always able to train staff because training is not the mission of the company, and because the company sizes are so small (in many cases) that they do not have personnel who are actually specialized and verticalized enough in the skills to teach others; personnel who, in very small companies, often do not even have the time to dedicate to this activity.

The approach that has emerged from the considerations just made is therefore to develop curricula related to:

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- Basic skills that should be present in all 3 target countries, with the aim of achieving those minimum quality standards necessary to provide satisfactory services for an increasingly demanding tourism demand.
- Skills that can be better utilized in virtual mode.
- Skills that are advantageous to implement in virtual mode because it reduces the risk of training which can be done with fewer risks in virtual (such as avoiding physical strain for housekeeping and minimizing errors in the presence of customers for mise en place and restaurant reception). For example, there has been a significant demand for soft skills, but skills like the highly requested soft skills can be more easily realized in a context such as the metaverse but not with VR.
- Curricula that can be more easily managed by teachers who, in turn, before the piloting, will need to be trained by experts of the Platform used and who will have to provide exercises and use all the tools to improve student engagement and allow them to perform activities on the platform. This is also evidenced by large companies, such as the Hilton Group, which are currently conducting housekeeping training in virtual mode.

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5 TRAINING CURRICULA

5.1 Training curriculum for "Setting up, Organizing, and Cleaning Rooms" -Housekeeper in Hospitality

General indication about the curriculum

Course Title: Setting up, Organizing, and Cleaning Rooms

Educational Objective: By the end of the course, learner will be able to set up, organize, and clean rooms, performing routine and extraordinary maintenance operations while adhering to assigned work plans and defined cleaning standards and procedures. The learner will also be able to report any malfunctions or anomalies to the relevant personnel.

Knowledge and/or	Characteristics and properties of hotel furnishings and equipment
Understanding skills provided	Characteristics and properties of hand or motorized equipment:
by the Course	usage techniques and risks Characteristics and properties of
	surfaces and fabrics: types and treatment techniques
	Operating elements of household systems
	Standards and criteria for hygienic and health self-control
	Service quality standards
	Equipment and technological resources for floor service
	Maintenance techniques Elements of environmental and personal
	hygiene
	Cleaning and sanitization techniques and tools
	Room setup and tidying techniques
	Bed remaking and setup techniques
	Characteristics and properties of cleaning products and dosing
	systems, types, and precautions for use
	Regulations and provisions on Personal Protective Equipment
	Work safety: rules and behavior methods (general and specific)
	Legislation and techniques for accident prevention and work safety

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Application Skills in work contexts provided by the	Access the room according to the defined behavioral rules and respecting any specific privacy requests from the client.
Course (What the learner can	Set up and tidy up the rooms and sleeping areas according to the
do?)	techniques and procedural instructions received.
	Carry out regular and extraordinary cleaning and sanitization
	activities of rooms, bathrooms, fixed and movable furnishings,
	following the scheduled periodicity and frequency indications, and
	adhering to injury prevention techniques and workplace safety
	measures.
	Perform cleaning operations using manual or motorized
	equipment, selecting and applying suitable detergents based on
	the type of fabrics, floors, and surfaces to be treated.
	Remake the bed by checking the bedding and replacing it if
	necessary, according to the specified frequency.
	Report any anomalies and faults detected by forwarding requests
	for extraordinary maintenance to the floor coordinator or technical
	staff according to established procedures.
	Compile the report at the end of the shift to keep the list of rooms
	updated and facilitate daily information exchange between the
	reception and the floor service.
	Ensure the cleanliness and maintenance of the minibar by
	replenishing missing products and updating the customer
	consumption card.
	Maintain and clean areas reserved for staff.
	Label all detergent bottles in case of product fractionation to
	facilitate recognition.
	Carry out regular maintenance checks on equipment, furnishings,
	and installations in rooms, bathrooms, and common areas,
	verifying their operation and detecting any anomalies, defects, or
Behavioral rules related to the	damages. Maintain professionalism and courtesy when interacting with
activities carried out	colleagues and clients.
	Follow safety protocols and guidelines while performing cleaning
	and maintenance tasks.
	Respect the privacy and belongings of individuals when entering
	rooms for cleaning or maintenance.
	Adhere to designated work schedules and timelines to ensure
	timely completion of tasks.
	Use cleaning equipment and supplies responsibly and in
	accordance with instructions.
	Keep work areas tidy and organized to facilitate efficient workflow.
	Communicate effectively with team members and supervisors
	regarding any issues or concerns.

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	 Follow established procedures for reporting any incidents, damages, or emergencies promptly. Respect and comply with all workplace policies and regulations. Continuously strive for improvement in performance and efficiency in carrying out assigned duties. Arrive at the workplace while paying attention to personal grooming. Exercise discretion in wearing jewelry and maintaining simple, appropriate hairstyles. Refrain from sitting on furniture in public areas, avoid unnecessary noise, shouting, or running. Refrain from smoking on the premises and limit personal cell phone use. 			
	Interact with clients and colleagues in a polite, friendly, and tolerant			
Communicative Skills	manner.			
	 Interacting with clients, both in English and in one's own language following some "rules": Approach the conversation calmly and assertively. Use a calm and conciliatory tone of voice. Acknowledge the complaint. Follow up on the customer's expectations. Express comments in impartial terms. Allow the customer to speak without interrupting them. 			
Tasks/Activities	 Air out the room. Empty waste bins in the room and bathroom and replace the bags. Remove bathroom linens if left on the floor or in the bidet. Check the daily cleaning sheet for any sheet changes. Bring clean linens and chemicals to the room. Spray all bathroom surfaces with the sanitizing/disinfecting product. Remake the bed. Dust the furniture in the room with a damp blue cloth. Finish cleaning the bathroom. Rearrange towels. Arrange the courtesy line. Vacuum the bathroom and room floors. Mop the floor. Check the maintenance status of the room and bathroom and report any anomalies. Take a final look at the room to ensure everything is in order. Close the windows and curtains only in winter, exit, and close the door. 			

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Looking at Italian system¹, these activities are related to ADA².23.02.03 (formerly ADA.19.18.40) - Care of accommodations, room floors, and internal and external common areas, within SECTOR 23 "Tourist Services," the PROCESS - "Hospitality Services", and the PROCESS SEQUENCE - "Reception, assistance, and care of customer requests and accommodations, and common areas". Specifically, the Atlas distinguishes between activities and Learning Outcomes.

Below is the representation of the "Activities" and "Learning Outcomes" for the specific Activity Area covered by the curriculum.

Activities	Learning Outcomes
Cleaning and setting up of rooms and floors	Prepare accommodations for guest reception by
Reporting faults and malfunctions	cleaning rooms and floors, and report any faults, malfunctions, or anomalies to the relevant staff.
Cleaning and tidying of internal and external	Perform cleaning duties in internal and external
common areas.	common areas, restocking cleaning materials in
Refilling the storage on the floors with cleaning materials.	floor storage and the general warehouse, maintaining their organization according to received instructions
Transporting loads of laundry.	Carrying laundry carts according to the facility's procedures, ensuring compliance with instructions and timelines for collecting dirty laundry from the floors and subsequently restocking clean laundry in the floor storage.

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¹ The Atlas of Work and Qualifications (Atlante del Lavoro e delle Qualificazioni) is a detailed map of work and qualifications. The description of the work contents proposed is the result of intense collaboration and participation of various institutional entities and has seen the involvement and participation of employer and union representatives, bilateral representatives, professional associations, sectoral experts, and stakeholders in the work-learning system.

https://atlantelavoro.inapp.org/dettaglio_ada.php?id_ada=36&id_sequenza=16&id_processo=4 ² ADA is the Italian acronym of Area of Activity.



The training curriculum "Setting up, Organizing, and Cleaning Rooms" is organized in 1 Module:

- Module 1: PLANNING DAILY HOUSEKEEPING OPERATIONS

Module 1 - PLANNING DAILY HOUSEKEEPING OPERATIONS

Module Title and Aim	Learning Units	Timeframe of module
Module 1: Planning daily housekeeping operations	LU1: Classify and use the categories of cleaning agent and equipment.	Total: 90 hours Virtual learning: 15
Aim: develop the skills knowledge and understanding regarding the procedure to manage housekeeping operations	LU2: Illustrate the types of guestroom cleaning. LU3: Apply the procedure of cleaning and maintaining public areas	 hours Classroom: 30 hours Practical in company: 45 hours

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MODULE 1 - PLANNING DAILY HOUSEKEEPING OPERATIONS (REFERRED TO THE QUALIFICATION OF "EXECUTIVE HOUSEKEEPER")

LU1 - Duration: 30 hours (10 theory in classroom, 5 in virtual environment, 15 on the job training in hotels and similar establishments)

LU2 - Duration: 100 hours (20 in classroom also with role-plays, 10 in virtual environment, 70 on the job training in hotels and similar establishments)

LU3: Duration: 100 hours (20 - theory and practical activities - in classroom, 10 in virtual environment, 30 On the job training in hotels and similar establishments)

Learning	Learning	Learning Elements	Knowledge	Materials Required
Unit	Outcomes			
LU1: Classify and use the categories of cleaning agent and equipment	In stating the criteria for purchasing cleaning equipment and agents Identify the categories of cleaning agent and equipment Understand how to use the equipment. List the usage of the cleaning agents on different types of surfaces. Discuss the methods of cleaning and maintaining different surfaces	Choosing the correct equipment for the job, and it should be compatible for all to work with and get the job done on time Identifying manual and mechanical equipment and seeing that it is properly looked after Identifying the cleaning process depending on all hard surface's types, composition, care, and maintenance Ensuring cleaning equipment is clean, dry and in working order when work is finished taking appropriate action to deal with any items that are not	Knowledge of equipment types and functions Ergonomic principles to ensure equipment is user-friendly and minimizes strain or injury, suitable for all users. Specific requirements of different cleaning tasks to select appropriate equipment that meets those needs efficiently Time management in equipment use Different types of manuals (e.g., mops, brooms) and mechanical equipment (e.g., vacuum cleaners, floor scrubbers) used in cleaning. Maintenance protocols for both manual and mechanical equipment, including regular checks, cleaning, and repairs.	Manual Cleaning Equipment as Abrasives, Brushes, Chambermaid's Trolley/Housekeeping Trolley, Dustbins, Dusting Cloths, Dustpans, Janitor's trolley, Mops, Mop Wringer trolley, Scarifying machine, Spray Bottles Electric Cleaning Equipment as Box Sweeper, Vacuum Cleaner, Polishing Machine, Scrubber, Vapor Cleaning Machine Cleaning Agents or Chemicals as Water, Vinegar, Bathroom Cleaners, Clean Air Sprays, Degreaser, Floor Cleaners and Sealers, Surface Sanitizers, Toilet



Learning	Learning	Learning Elements	Knowledge	Materials Required
Unit	Outcomes			
Unit	Outcomes		Safety standards for operating and maintaining cleaning equipment to prevent accidents and extend equipment lifespan. Proper storage methods to prevent equipment damage and ensure longevity. Various hard surface types (e.g., marble, wood, tile) and their unique properties. Cleaning chemicals and methods for each surface type to avoid damage and maintain aesthetics. Surface maintenance techniques for different surfaces to preserve their quality and appearance over time. Procedures for cleaning and drying equipment after use to prevent contamination and ensure readiness for the next use. Appropriate actions to take when equipment is faulty, including repair procedures or reporting to the relevant personnel.	Blocks, Toilet Cleaners, Carpet Cleaning Agents, Swimming Pool Cleaners Materials for Guest Bathroom as Bathroom Attachments, Towels, Dustbin, Non-slip Foot-mat, Slippers, Mirror, Hair Dryer, Vanity Tray Housekeeper's uniform according to job requirements
			Hygiene standards for equipment maintenance to ensure a clean and	

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Learning	Learning	Learning Elements	Knowledge	Materials Required
Unit	Outcomes			
			safe environment for users and	
			guests.	
LU2:	Identify the	Setting the cleaning supplies, equipment,	Types and purposes of various	
Identify the	procedures the	guestroom linen, and amenities necessary for	cleaning agents and tools.	
types of	room attendants	cleaning and setting up the guestrooms	Correct usage and safety guidelines for	
guestroom	follow when	Prioritizing work as per the room status, which	each cleaning product.	
cleaning	reporting to work.	provides information on the occupancy or	Procedures for handling and storing	
	Describe the	condition of the property's room daily	cleaning supplies and equipment.	
	procedure that is	Approaching the guest room as per the status	Types of linens and their appropriate	
	followed by the	report	use (e.g., sheets, pillowcases, towels).	
	room attendant	Applying rooming cleaning procedures, drawing	Methods for inventory tracking and	
	when cleaning the	back the draperies and checking the cords and	replenishment.	
	guestrooms.	hooks for any kind of damage, opening the	Procedures for ordering and stocking	
	Distinguish	windows and airing the room while you are	supplies to ensure availability.	
	between the types	cleaning, checking the air conditioning/heater	Organizational standards for setting up	
	of guestroom	and setting it according to the standard, taking	guestrooms, including layout and	
	cleaning.	a good look at the condition of the room,	placement of amenities.	
		making a note of any kind of damages or	Techniques for prioritizing tasks based	
		missing items, checking for any kind of	on room status and guest needs.	
		maintenance, removing or replacing dirty ashtrays and glasses, removing any service	Time management strategies to ensure timely and efficient completion of	
		trays from the room, emptying the trash and a	tasks.	
		dustbin liner, removing the soiled linen from	Effective communication with front	
		the bed, making bed as per the standard	desk and maintenance staff regarding	
		operating procedure	room status and cleaning priorities.	
		Following a systematic method of cleaning,	Methods for reporting room conditions	
		either clockwise or anti-clockwise.	and issues to relevant departments.	

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Learning	Learning	Learning Elements	Knowledge	Materials Required
Unit	Outcomes	Replenishing all the bedroom supplies. Taking a final look around so that nothing is missed out. Applying bathroom cleaning procedures Using all-purpose cleaner and a scrubber to clean the bathtub, surrounding tiles, shower area, vanity counter, and sink. Replacing used towels with fresh ones and placing bathroom amenities. Conducting thorough inspection to ensure nothing is overlooked.	 Procedures for entering occupied and vacant rooms. Privacy and security guidelines to respect guest space. Methods for conducting initial room inspections to assess cleaning and maintenance needs and to identify and document room damages, maintenance issues, and missing items. Standard operating procedures (SOPs) for approaching and cleaning guestrooms. Standard procedures for cleaning different areas of the room (e.g., furniture, windows, surfaces). Procedures for checking room elements (e.g., air conditioning, draperies) and identifying maintenance needs. Standard bed-making procedures. Techniques for handling soiled linens and replacing with fresh ones. Procedures for restocking and organizing supplies. 	

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Learning	Learning	Learning Elements	Knowledge	Materials Required
Unit	Outcomes			
			Cleaning procedures for bathroom fixtures (e.g., bathtubs, sinks, showers). Appropriate cleaning agents for different bathroom surfaces. Techniques for cleaning and maintaining bathroom amenities and fixtures. Methods for removing dirt, soap scum, and grime from bathroom surfaces. Procedures for sanitizing and ensuring hygiene in bathroom areas. Procedures for handling used towels and replacing with clean ones. Procedures for ensuring all amenities are available and in good condition. Procedures for conducting detailed inspections of cleaned areas. Techniques for identifying missed tasks or issues that need addressing.	
LU3: Apply the procedure of cleaning and	Understand the meaning of the term public areas and list them Describe the procedure of	Identifying all kind of areas and understanding that are crucial for guest satisfaction as they form the first impression and contribute to the overall guest experience Developing a cleaning schedule that outlines frequency, timing, and responsibilities.	Strategies for efficient and effective cleaning in areas with heavy usage. Types of cleaning equipment required for different tasks (e.g., vacuum cleaners, dusters).	

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Learning	Learning	Learning Elements	Knowledge	Materials Required
Unit	Outcomes			
maintaining public areas	cleaning and maintaining the public areas Distinguish between the types of public areas	Considering high-traffic areas for more frequent cleaning. Ensuring availability of necessary cleaning equipment such as vacuum cleaners, dusters, mops, and disinfectants. Stocking appropriate cleaning supplies, including surface cleaners, floor cleaners, sanitizers, and cloths. Dusting and wiping down all surfaces including tables, countertops, and decorative items. Using appropriate cleaners for different materials like wood, glass, and metal. Sweeping, vacuuming, or mopping floors depending on the surface type (carpet, tile, wood). Addressing stains and spills immediately to maintain cleanliness and prevent damage. Cleaning windows, mirrors, and glass doors to remove smudges and fingerprints. Using glass cleaners and ensuring streak-free finishes. Cleaning and sanitizing toilets, sinks, mirrors, and countertops. Replenishing supplies such as soap, paper towels, and toilet paper. Checking for and addressing any plumbing issues or malfunctions.	Techniques for managing cleaning equipment inventory to ensure availability. Procedures for checking and replenishing equipment stocks regularly. Various types of cleaning agents and their appropriate uses (e.g., surface cleaners, sanitizers). Safety guidelines and proper handling of cleaning chemicals. Techniques for tracking and replenishing cleaning supplies. Methods for ensuring a consistent supply of necessary cleaning materials. Effective dusting and wiping methods for different surfaces. Appropriate cleaners and tools for different types of surfaces (e.g., wood, glass). Techniques for preventing damage while cleaning delicate surfaces. Frequency and methods required for different flooring materials (e.g., carpet, tile).	

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Learning	Learning	Learning Elements	Knowledge	Materials Required
Unit	Outcomes			
		Cleaning and disinfecting buttons, handrails, and interiors of elevators and escalators. Ensuring proper functioning and addressing any mechanical issues. Regularly disinfecting counters, phones, and chairs in Reception Desks and Waiting Areas Wiping down tables and chairs after each use in dining areas. Conducting routine inspections to ensure cleanliness standards are met. Identifying areas that need additional attention or maintenance. Practicing hand hygiene before and after cleaning. Disposing of waste properly and avoiding cross-contamination.	Procedures for promptly addressing stains and spills to prevent damage and maintain appearance. Techniques for achieving streak-free finishes on windows and glass surfaces. Procedures for regular inspection of glass surfaces to identify and address smudges, fingerprints, and other issues. Effective methods for cleaning and sanitizing bathroom fixtures. Techniques for ensuring thorough disinfection and cleanliness. Procedures for checking and replenishing bathroom supplies. Techniques for identifying potential plumbing problems early to prevent disruptions. Procedures for regular checks and maintenance of bathroom fixtures. Effective methods for cleaning and disinfecting high-touch areas. Techniques for ensuring cleaning is performed without disrupting functionality.	

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Learning	Learning	Learning Elements	Knowledge	Materials Required
Unit	Outcomes			
			Techniques for creating a welcoming and hygienic environment. Procedures for cleaning and sanitizing tables and chairs after use. Techniques for preventing cross- contamination between guests in dining areas. Procedures for using safe and effective cleaning agents on dining surfaces. Procedures for identifying areas that need additional cleaning or maintenance	

Examples of practical activities:

- Apply appropriate practices to interpret the layout of housekeeping department
- Employ appropriate practices to identify appropriate cleaning agent and equipment for the surface to be cleaned
- Demonstrate the operating procedures of various cleaning equipment
- Role play on how to follow standard operating procedures to check the assigned housekeeping area before cleaning
- Demonstrate the procedures for cleaning different areas/surfaces
- Demonstrate room cleaning procedure in the correct sequence
- Employ appropriate techniques to clean the spillage according to the floor type, size, and type of spillage
- Prepare a report to update the Supervisor regarding the cleaning status and damaged items of the assigned area
- Apply appropriate practices to check the operational readiness of the equipment and appliances in the guestroom

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- Employ proper practices to use the checklist for checking the functioning of the appliances and equipment in all the rooms
- Dramatize how to arrange for various items, like, flower, paintings, etc.
- Show the ways to collect the soiled linens and other items (Bathrobe, towels, etc.) in the trolley bag as per the specification
- Demonstrate the procedure to make the bed
- Prepare a sample checklist to ensure proper room cleaning
- Prepare reports to record the housekeeping operations
- Demonstrate the procedure of routine cleaning and sanitization of tools, equipment, and other articles
- Employ different ways to keep work area clean, hygienic and hazard free
- Demonstrate how to use and dispose of relevant protective equipment as per tasks and work conditions

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5.2 Training curriculum for "Preparation of spaces and environments for catering and table service setup" - Waiter in Restaurant

General indication about the curriculum

Title: Preparation of spaces and environments for catering and table service setup.

Educational Objective: By the end of the curriculum, the learner will be able to arrange the dining space and organize the layout, positioning furniture and decorations while considering the image requirements and in realization of the different types of service/events to be provided, the aesthetic-functional needs of the service to be provided, and in accordance with hygiene and health standards. The learner will be also able to

Knowledge and/or	Techniques for space layout based on the type of service or event		
Understanding skills	Techniques and procedures for cleaning and sanitizing premises and		
provided by the Course	equipment		
	Types of banqueting services: garden party, coffee break, buffet, brunch, etc.		
	Techniques for setting up the dining area and table mise-en-place		
	according to the type of service or event		
	Furniture techniques and materials		
	Monitoring systems and reporting procedures for tracking consumption/wear levels of materials/products used		
	Regional, national, and EU regulations regarding HACCP system		
	Service components in the restaurant dining room and bar		
	Techniques for preparing dishes at the table (tartare, flambé, etc.)		
	Service techniques for complex menus: guèridon service, Italian style,		
	French style, and English style Techniques and tools for fish filleting		
	Techniques and tools for portioning at the table		
Application Skills in work	Adopting styles, techniques, and materials for setting up and		
contexts provided by the	decorating the chosen spaces consistent with the type of event and		
Course (What the learner	defined service standards.		
can do?)	Checking the availability of furniture and equipment for furnishing and setting up the spaces.		
	Planning the use and organization of spaces in line with the type of service and event and the client's requests.		
	Choosing furniture and accessories based on the various image and		
	ambiance needs of the spaces.		
	Selecting table settings and banquet setups according to the type of		
	service and event and the client's requests.		
	Monitoring and reporting the consumption levels of		
	materials/products and the wear and tear of service components,		
	replenishing them if necessary.		



	Ensuring the visual quality of the served product, the image, and the			
	functionality of the dining area.			
	Applying hygienic and sanitary procedures for tidying up and cleaning			
	dining and distribution areas and work tools.			
	Presenting the menu providing detailed descriptions, tailoring			
	suggestions and answering questions.			
	Taking the orders engaging with guests, ensuring accuracy, managing			
	multiple orders and using technology efficiently			
	Applying serving procedures, adhering to service standards,			
	executing complex service styles and handling special requests			
	Clearing the table maintaining cleanliness, respecting guest pace,			
	preparing for next service and managing waste and recyclables			
Behavioral rules related to	Professionalism: Maintain a professional demeanor at all times when			
the activities carried out	interacting with guests and colleagues.			
	Courtesy: Treat all guests with courtesy, respect, and attentiveness,			
	regardless of their background or demeanor.			
	Appearance: Present yourself in a neat and tidy manner, adhering to			
	the restaurant's dress code and grooming standards.			
	Punctuality: Arrive on time for shifts and ensure prompt seating and			
	service for guests.			
	Communication: Communicate clearly and effectively with both			
	guests and colleagues, ensuring accurate transmission of orders and			
	requests.			
	Efficiency: Manage table turnover efficiently while maintaining quality			
	service, ensuring timely seating and clearing of tables.			
	Adaptability: Be flexible and adaptable to changing circumstances,			
	such as accommodating special requests or addressing guest			
	concerns.			
	Conflict resolution: Handle any guest complaints or conflicts calmly			
	and professionally, seeking solutions to ensure guest satisfaction.			
	Teamwork: Work collaboratively with other staff members to ensure			
	smooth operations and provide seamless service to guests.			
	Attention to detail: Pay close attention to the details of table settings,			
	cleanliness, and ambiance to create a pleasant dining experience for			
	guests.			
	Safety: Adhere to safety protocols and guidelines to ensure the well-			
	being of guests and staff, particularly during emergencies or unusual			
	situations.			

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Communicative Skills	Some key communication skills in this context include:
	 Articulating instructions and guidelines clearly to other staff members involved in setting up the event space, ensuring everyone understands their roles and responsibilities. Listening attentively to instructions from event coordinators, managers, or clients regarding the desired setup and arrangements, and asking clarifying questions when necessary. Collaborating effectively with other staff members, such as kitchen staff, bartenders, and event planners, to ensure seamless coordination and execution of setup tasks. Using nonverbal cues, such as gestures and facial expressions, to convey professionalism, friendliness, and attentiveness when interacting with clients, guests, and colleagues
Tasks/Activities	 colleagues. Setting Up Tables: Arranging tables and chairs according to
	the seating plan provided by the event coordinator or restaurant management.
	• Linen and Tableware Setup: Placing tablecloths, napkins, and tableware (plates, glasses, utensils) on each table according to the desired layout or theme.
	 Centerpieces and Decorations: Setting up centerpieces, floral arrangements, candles, or other decorative elements to enhance the ambiance of the dining area.
	 Buffet Setup: If applicable, arranging buffet stations with chafing dishes, serving utensils, and decorative garnishes for self-service catering.
	 Beverage Stations: Organizing beverage stations with coffee, tea, water, and other refreshments, ensuring they are well- stocked and visually appealing.
	 Special Arrangements: Implementing any special arrangements or requests from clients, such as setting up a stage for speeches, arranging seating for VIP guests, or accommodating dietary preferences.
	• Lighting and Atmosphere: Adjusting lighting levels and sound systems to create the desired atmosphere for the event, whether it's a formal dinner, cocktail reception, or casual
	 gathering. Signage and Signaling: Placing signage or directional indicators to guide guests to different areas of the venue, such as restrooms, coat check, or designated smoking areas.
	 Cleanliness and Organization: Ensuring that the event space is clean, organized, and free of clutter before guests arrive,
	 including removing any obstacles or hazards from walkways. Final Checks: Conducting final checks of all tables and settings to ensure everything is in place, aligned correctly,

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 and ready for service before guests arrive. Coordination with Staff: Collaborating with kitchen staff, bartenders, and other service personnel to coordinate timing and logistics for food and beverage service.
 Guest Assistance: Assisting guests with seating arrangements, answering questions about menu options, and providing any additional support or assistance needed throughout the event.

Looking at Italian system³, these activities are related to ADA⁴.23.01.08 (formerly ADA.19.16.36) "Room setup and table service", within SECTOR 23 "Tourist services", the PROCESS - "Restaurant services" and the PROCESS SEQUENCE – "Room setup and administration of dishes and drinks". Specifically, the Atlas distinguishes between activities and Learning Outcomes.

Below is the representation of the "Activities" and "Learning Outcomes" for the specific Activity Area covered by the curriculum.

Activities	Learning Outcomes	
Recording of requests in food service Preparation of orders	Execute the order based on predefined criteria, arranging the orders also according to customer requests	
Table service of food and beverages	Serve at the table, respecting the instructions received, optimizing time, and assisting customers	
Arrangement of rooms and displays	Organize the room according to the received	
Cleaning and resetting of the room	instructions, carrying out the activities of resetting, cleaning, and setup	

https://atlantelavoro.inapp.org/dettaglio_ada.php?id_ada=36&id_sequenza=16&id_processo=4

⁴ ADA is the Italian acronym of Area of Activity.

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³ The Atlas of Work and Qualifications (Atlante del Lavoro e delle Qualificazioni) is a detailed map of work and qualifications. The description of the work contents proposed is the result of intense collaboration and participation of various institutional entities and has seen the involvement and participation of employer and union representatives, bilateral representatives, professional associations, sectoral experts, and stakeholders in the work-learning system.



The training curriculum "Preparation of spaces and environments for catering and table service setup" is organized **in 2 Modules**:

- Module 1: Prepare and clear service and guest areas for food and beverages service
- Module 2: Serve food and beverages

Module 1 - Prepare and clear service and guest areas for food and beverages service

Module Title and Aim	Learning Units	Timeframe of module
Module 1: Prepare and clear service and guest areas for food and beverages service Aim: develop the skills	LU1: Prepare and clear equipment, materials and service area for food and beverages service	 Total: 90 hours Virtual learning: 15 hours Classroom: 30 hours On the jab training: 45
knowledge and understanding regarding the food and beverages services	LU2: Prepare and clear guest area for food, beverages and takeaway services	 On the job training: 45 hours

Module 2 - Serve food and beverages

Module Title and Aim	Learning Units	Timeframe of module
Module 2: Serve food and beverages	LU1: Greet guests and take orders	Totale: 90 hours Virtual learning: 15
Aim: develop the skills knowledge and understanding regarding serving food and beverages	LU2: Use appropriate methods and equipment to serve food, accompaniments, hot and cold beverages to guests	hours Classroom: 30 hours On the job training: 45 hours

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MODULE 1 - PREPARE AND CLEAR SERVICE AND GUEST AREAS FOR FOOD AND BEVERAGES SERVICE (REFERRED TO THE QUALIFICATION OF "WAITER IN RESTAURANT")

LU1 - Duration: 30 hours (10 - theory and practical activities - in classroom, 5 in virtual environment, 15 On the job training in hotels, restaurants, cafés, clubs, industrial canteens, similar establishments)

LU2 - Duration: 60 hours (20 - theory and practical activities - in classroom, 10 in virtual environment, 30 On the job training in hotels, restaurants, cafés, clubs, industrial canteens, similar establishments)

Learning	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
Unit				
LU1:	Demonstrate	Recognizing various food and	Different food and beverage settings	Menus and beverage lists
Prepare	understanding of	beverage settings	such as formal, informal, buffet, and	Food and beverage service equipment
and clear	various food and	Distinguishing room layouts for	specialized service environments like	and utensils, including necessary
equipment,	beverage	different settings, including formal,	banquets and functions.	cutlery
materials	environments and set	informal, and buffet arrangements.	Protocols and expectations	Equipment for preparing hot drinks
and	table arrangements	Setting up tables for various settings	associated with each setting,	Sideboards, side tables, and service
service	Prepare and clean	and styles, encompassing table	including the order of service, guest	stations
area for	equipment and	d'hôte, à la carte, functions, counter,	interaction norms, and specific	Condiments and accompaniments:
food and	materials for food and	and take-away service.	service etiquettes.	Dry seasonings, flavorings; mustards,
beverages	beverage service in	Managing equipment and materials	Design principles that differentiate	sauces, and salad dressings;
service	various environments	required for the service area.	formal, informal, and buffet	prepared bread items, butter
	Organize and clean	Preparing service areas, such as	arrangements, ensuring functional	Tableware: Table coverings, cruet
	service areas for food	waiter's pantry, sideboards/side	and aesthetically pleasing setups.	sets, table decorations, menu
	and beverage service	tables, and service stations, ensuring	Ergonomics and the importance of	holders, ashtrays
	in different settings	adequate space for work activities,	creating a comfortable environment	Food outlet log for documenting
	Exhibit safe and	avoiding overcrowding storage space,	for guests.	complaints, compliments, and other
	hygienic practices	and minimizing the risk of food	Different table settings for table	issues
	when preparing and	contamination.	d'hôte, à la carte, functions, counter,	Waiter's uniform according to job
	tidying dining and	Adhering to safe and hygienic	and take-away services, including the	requirements
	service areas and	working practices when preparing	placement of cutlery, glassware, and	Cleaning equipment, including small
		and clearing dining and service areas	tableware.	items such as cloths, dusters, mops,



Learning	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
Unit				
Unit	equipment for food and beverage service.	and equipment for food and beverage service, including wearing waiter's uniform Using appropriate equipment and following correct procedures to ensure food and guest safety. Recognizing the importance of checking heating/air conditioning/ventilation and lighting before use when preparing guest dining areas for table service, creating a welcoming atmosphere, ensuring a comfortable environment for guests, and reporting any faults promptly Maintaining cleanliness in the service area after service to uphold professional standards and support the next shift. Ensuring food items and equipment are returned and/or stored appropriately following service, including checking and	Type of service associated with different menu styles and the appropriate setup required for each. Specific requirements for events like banquets, receptions, and themed dining. Inventory for service areas, including tracking supplies and ensuring the availability of necessary equipment. Maintenance and operational requirements of service equipment (e.g., coffee machines, hot plates). Safety and Hygiene Standards, including proper storage and cleanliness practices. Techniques for organizing service areas to minimize clutter and ensure efficient workflow. Health and Safety Regulations, comprehensive knowledge of food safety regulations, including HACCP (Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points) and local health codes.	Materials Required brushes, buckets, handheld cleaning spray, as well as large equipment such as dishwashers, jet washers, wet and dry vacuum cleaners Cleaning materials, including sanitizers, detergents, disinfectants, vinegar, lemon, and degreasers
		wrapping/covering any returned food items for re-use, storing food items	Personal hygiene practices, including wearing appropriate uniforms and	
		at the correct temperatures, and	maintaining cleanliness standards.	

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Learning	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
Unit				
		disposing of any unsafe food	Functions and proper use of various	
		correctly.	service equipment (e.g., dishwashers,	
		Safely disposing of broken glass and	glass polishers).	
		crockery by wrapping in old	Standard procedures for food and	
		newspaper and securing with tape or	beverage service to ensure	
		string.	consistency and safety.	
		Checking the cleanliness of the table	Procedures to ensure guest safety,	
		and other linen following the service	including handling allergens and food	
		period and returning used linen to	intolerances.	
		housekeeping in line with	Standards and practices for cleaning	
		organizational requirements.	service areas, including surfaces,	
		Reacting in front of different types of	equipment, and utensils.	
		unexpected situations that may occur	Waste disposal procedures for	
		when preparing and clearing dining	maintaining cleanliness to support	
		and service areas and equipment,	subsequent shifts.	
		including equipment shortages, staff	Hygiene practices to prevent contamination and maintain a	
		shortages, breakages, and damage,		
		and coordinating with F&B Manager to seek help from other associates	professional environment. Storage procedures for food items	
		and record details in the food outlet	and equipment to ensure safety and	
		log.	quality.	
		Complying with relevant regulations	Techniques for wrapping and	
		and standards.	securing broken items to prevent	
			injury.	
			Organizational policies for waste	
			management and disposal.	

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Learning	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
Unit				
			Cleanliness standards for table linen	
			and the procedures for checking and maintaining these standards.	
			Techniques for removing stains and	
			maintaining the appearance of linen.	
			Problem-solving techniques to handle	
			unexpected situations like equipment	
			shortages or staff issues.	
			Crisis Management procedures to	
			minimize disruption and maintain	
			service quality.	
			Regulatory Knowledge of food safety	
			and hygiene regulations, including	
			local, national, and international	
			standards.	
			Procedures and practices required to	
			ensure compliance with these	
			regulations.	
LU2:	Ensure that the work	Checking and cleaning furniture, such	Knowledge of Hygiene Standards and	Menus and beverage lists
Prepare	area and service	as chairs and tables, to maintain	general public health guidelines.	Food and beverage service equipment
and	equipment are	hygiene standards and present a	Techniques for cleaning different	and utensils,
clear guest	hygienic, undamaged,	positive image of the organization to	materials (e.g., wood, metal,	Equipment for making hot drinks
area for	and prepared for	guests.	upholstery).	Sideboards, side tables, and service stations
food and	immediate use, at the	Adhering to safe and hygienic	Techniques of correct use and	
beverages services	beginning of a shift Verify the availability	practices when preparing and clearing take-away areas for	maintenance of equipment to prevent contamination and ensure food	Condiments and accompaniments: Dry seasonings/flavorings; mustards,
301 11003	of sufficient stock of	counter/take-away areas for	safety.	y seasonings/navorings, mustarus,
		Counterrane-away service, including	ວລາວເງ.	

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Learning	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
Unit				
	service items for efficient service	wearing the proper uniform, using correct equipment, and following	Procedures to ensure safe handling of food and equipment, and	sauces, and salad dressings; prepared bread items, and butter
	Activate appropriate service equipment to reach the	procedures to ensure food and guests' health. Regularly inspecting work areas and service equipment for damage.	compliance with health regulations. Safety standards to prevent hazards. Stock-taking procedures and inventory control.	Tableware, including table coverings, cruet sets, table decorations, menu holders, and ashtrays. Supporting materials as required,
	recommended operating temperature	Checking stocks of service items before service, ensuring they are	Criteria for assessing the cleanliness and usability of service items.	including recipes, promotional materials
	in a timely manner	clean, undamaged, and properly arranged, and displaying condiments	Presentation standards to properly arrange and display items to enhance	Cleaning equipment, including small items as cloths, dusters, mops,
	Arrange promotional materials for guest use in visible locations	and accompaniments where appropriate. Maintaining high presentation	their appeal. Techniques to make food visually appealing.	brushes, buckets, handheld cleaning spray, as well as large equipment such as dishwashers, jet washers,
	Confirm that refuse and waste food containers are clean and available for use Present food according to operational procedures just before service	standards when displaying food to ensure its appeal to guests and encourage sales. Ensuring safe display of hot and cold food to prevent spillages, maintain attractiveness, and ensure food safety. Inspecting all promotional material before use to ensure it is informative and upholds the organization's image.	Methods to enhance food display to encourage sales. Safe temperature ranges for hot and cold food to prevent spoilage and contamination. Display safety to prevent spills and maintain attractiveness. Food Safety Regulations. Organization's brand guidelines to ensure consistent messaging.	and wet and dry vacuum cleaners. Cleaning materials, including sanitizer, detergents, disinfectants, vinegar, lemon, and degreaser. Food outlet log for recording unexpected situations. Pen. Waiter's uniform according to job requirements.
	Clean or store reusable service items	Implementing proper clearing techniques for equipment, including trolleys, trays, glassware, and linen,	Elements of communication with guests Standard clearing procedures for different types of service equipment.	

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Learn	ing Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
Unit				
	and equipment	and returning soiled items to	Sanitization standards to prevent	
following food service housekeeping for laundry.		cross-contamination.		
		Turning electrical and gas equipment	Operational procedures to properly	
	When applicable, store	on and off before and after service to	operate and maintain electrical and	
	condiments and	ensure readiness and reduce energy	gas equipment.	
	accompaniments for	costs.	Methods to reduce energy costs	
	future use in	Proper handling and disposal of	while ensuring equipment is ready for	
	compliance with food	waste, including using waste bins	use.	
	hygiene regulations	correctly, preventing waste buildup,	Safety protocols for handling	
		and recycling when possible.	electrical and gas appliances.	
	Dispose of rubbish,	Promptly returning perishable food	Waste management protocols,	
	used disposables, and	and drink items to the kitchen and	including recycling and composting.	
	waste food using	storage area after service for reuse	Proper storage techniques for	
	recommended	or disposal.	perishable items to ensure food	
	procedures	Thoroughly cleaning all service	safety and quality.	
		equipment and areas after service,	Cleaning protocols for different types	
	Inspect the work area	including work areas, tables, chairs,	of equipment and service areas.	
	and service equipment	floors, dishwashers, sinks, and waste	Problem-Solving for quickly resolving	
	to ensure cleanliness,	disposal areas.	unexpected issues, such as	
	absence of damage, and readiness for	Being prepared for unexpected	equipment shortages or staff	
		situations during preparation and	absences.	
	future use, at the end of a shift	clearing, such as equipment shortages or incorrect allocations.	Crisis Management to minimize disruption to service.	
		Compliance with relevant regulations		
		and standards to ensure safe and		
		efficient service.		

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MODULE 2 – SERVE FOOD AND BEVERAGES (REFERRED TO THE QUALIFICATION OF "WAITER IN RESTAURANT")

LU1 - Duration: 30 hours (10 - theory and practical activities - in classroom, 5 in virtual environment, 15 On the job training in hotels, restaurants, cafés, clubs, industrial canteens, similar establishments)

LU2 - Duration: 60 hours (20 - theory and practical activities - in classroom, 10 in virtual environment, 30 On the job training in hotels, restaurants, cafés, clubs, industrial canteens, similar establishments)

Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
LU1: Greet guests	Greet guests and	Understand the types of guests, including	Different categories of guests,	Menus and beverage lists
and take orders	determine their needs,	individuals, business professionals,	including individuals, business	Necessary materials such
	checking booking	families, the elderly, people with	professionals, families, the elderly,	as recipes and
	records when	disabilities (such as wheelchair users,	people with disabilities, children,	promotional items,
	necessary, according to	those with visual or hearing impairments,	young people, and international	including posters,
	the service	and others with physical disabilities),	visitors.	blackboards/whiteboards,
	requirements.	children, young people, and international	Reservation systems, both manual	illustrated menu boards,
	Assist guests upon	visitors.	and electronic, and procedures for	vouchers, loyalty cards,
	arrival, ensuring they	Identify guests with or without	verifying reservation details.	and other promotional
	receive the necessary	reservations and follow appropriate	Standard procedures for identifying	information
	guidance.	procedures, such as checking reservation	guests, confirming the number of	Specific details on the
	Ensure guests receive	details, confirming the number of guests	guests and reservation time, and	ingredients used in each
	the appropriate menu	and the reservation time, and determining	managing walk-in guests.	food and drink item listed
	for the service.	if walk-in guests can be accommodated or	Standard greeting protocols,	on the menu.
	Provide accurate details	if there will be any wait times for service.	including body language, welcome	A logbook for recording
	about individual dishes,	Welcome guests by using the	phrases, and host identification.	unexpected situations
		organization's standard greeting,		and incidents.

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Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
	tailored to the guests'	identifying the host, offering a warm and	Menu verification procedures,	Order pads and notepads
	preferences.	attentive reception, providing assistance,	including confirming dish availability	for taking orders and
	Use effective sales	escorting them to their table, and helping	and awareness of special offers.	making notes
	techniques to enhance	them get seated.	different dishes, including	Pen.
	the order value.	Ensure menus are checked before use to	ingredients, preparation methods,	Waiter's uniform
	Promptly record,	confirm that the correct menu is provided,	flavors, herbs, and spices.	according to job
	process, and handle	creating a positive impression, verifying	Upselling techniques to recommend	requirements.
	their order efficiently.	the availability of dishes, and being aware	special dishes, suggest additions,	
		of any special offers.	and encourage guests to try	
		Have a thorough understanding of	desserts.	
		different dishes, including their	Sales strategies to maximize orders	
		ingredients, preparation methods, flavors,	and increase revenue.	
		use of herbs and spices, and pricing.	Effective communication with guests	
		Recognize the importance of having	to understand their preferences and	
		detailed knowledge and providing	suggest accordingly.	
		accurate information about the menu and	Order-taking techniques, both	
		various dishes to guests, ensuring their	manual and electronic, and ability to	
		needs are met, accurately describing	handle modifications or special	
		dishes, confirming availability, preventing	requests.	
		food allergies, and complying with health	Local, national, and international	
		and safety regulations.	regulations related to food safety	
		Utilize opportunities and sales techniques	and hygiene.	
		to maximize orders, such as		
		recommending special dishes, suggesting		
		additional items like salads, bread, and		
		beverages, and encouraging guests to try		
		desserts.		

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Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
		Assist guests in making menu choices,		
		when necessary, by learning about their		
		preferences, explaining dish		
		compositions, understanding basic menu		
		planning guidelines, recommending		
		suitable dishes, and considering special		
		needs such as time constraints or dietary		
		restrictions.		
		Take guests' orders at the appropriate		
		time, ensuring not to rush or delay,		
		verifying that guests are ready to order,		
		standing by the host, being patient with		
		guests who are indecisive or change their		
		minds, and accurately recording the		
		number of dishes and any special		
		requests or modifications. Use manual or		
		electronic systems for order-taking,		
		handling initial orders (starters and main		
		courses), and returning for subsequent		
		orders (desserts, coffee, tea, and other		
		drinks).		
		Be prepared for unexpected situations		
		that may arise when greeting guests and		
		managing their orders, such as		
		unforeseen bookings, a lack of available		
		tables, or insufficient staffing. Address		
		these by recording reservation details,		
		informing guests of their options (waiting		

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Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
		for a table or choosing another dining		
		venue).		
		Ensure compliance with relevant		
		regulations and standards.		
LU2: Use	Serve food and	Different food and beverage settings:	Different settings such as breakfast,	Menus and beverage
appropriate	accompaniments to	Breakfast, lunch, high tea, dinner, coffee	lunch, dinner, etc. and specific	lists.
methods and	guests using suitable	shop/café, and banqueting environments.	requirements and expectations for	Assortment of tools and
equipment to	methods and equipment	Various methods of food service:	each setting.	utensils necessary for
serve food,	in various settings.	Including plated service, family-style,	Various methods of food service like	food and beverage
accompaniments,	Prepare and serve	silver service, tableside theatre (cooking,	plated service, family-style, etc.	service, including cutlery,
hot and cold	drinks to guests across	carving, filleting, plating), and tray service.	Equipment required for different	cloths, glassware, dishes,
beverages to	different environments.	Food service equipment and materials:	service types.	plate accessories, sauce
guests	Sustain the food and	Include the required service cutlery,	Ingredients and quantities of each	boats, soup tureens, hot
	beverage service	service cloths, cutlery/silverware,	dish.	plates, plate warmers,
	efficiently throughout	glassware, service dishes/trays, plate	Methods and techniques to arrange	refrigerated units, and
	the entire shift.	rings, sauce boats, soup tureens, hot	and present food and drinks	beverage containers.
	Adhere to safe and	plates/warmers (stocked as needed for	appropriately.	Tools and machines
	hygienic practices when	service), refrigerated units, hot/cold	Methods to define which condiments	essential for preparing
	serving food,	beverage service containers,	and accompaniments are appropriate	hot beverages, such as
	accompaniments, and	trays/trolleys; and appropriate service	for each dish.	coffee and espresso
	beverages to guests.	equipment for different menu items.	Correct sequence of service and	machines, kettles, and
	Store food and	Understanding of menu items and	timing considerations to ensure	supplies like tea, coffee,
	equipment securely	ingredients: Knowledge of the ingredients	efficient service.	milk, cream, and sugar.
	following organizational	and approximate quantities of each dish	Effective communication and	Assorted supplies
	protocols.	on the menu, including hot and cold	teamwork skills.	required for beverage
	Dispose of waste	beverages, to accurately meet guests'	Different types of drinks and	service, including tea,
	according to the	needs.	equipment and techniques for drink	coffee, milk, cream,
			service.	sugar, bottled drinks, ice,

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Lear	rning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowled	lges			Materials Required
		organization's	Safe and hygienic service practices:	Proper	procedures	for	waste	and accompanying
		standards.	Maintain hygiene and safety when serving	manager	ment.			condiments.
		Manage unexpected	food, accompaniments, and beverages to					Items necessary for table
		situations in accordance	guests, following proper procedures and					arrangement, such as
		with the organization's	using correct equipment to avoid risks to					coverings, cruet sets,
		guidelines.	food, guests, and staff, ensuring quality					decorations, menu
			standards and presenting a professional					holders, and ashtrays.
			image of the organization.					Sideboards, side tables,
			Importance of food and beverage					or designated service
			presentation: Arrange and present food					areas equipped with
			and beverages according to menu					necessary tools and
			specifications to meet organizational					materials for efficient
			standards, fulfill guest needs, and create a					service.
			positive impression of the organization.					Additional resources as
			Adjusting table settings: Change table					needed, including
			settings at appropriate times to meet					recipes, promotional
			guests' food order requirements,					materials like posters,
			following organizational guidelines.					boards, menu
			Proper condiments and accompaniments:					illustrations, vouchers,
			Including dry seasonings and flavorings,					loyalty cards, and related
			mustards, sauces, salad dressings,					promotional content.
			prepared bread items, and butter,					Logbooks or
			appropriate for each menu item.					documentation tools used
			Hygienic food and beverage service:					for recording unexpected
			Ensure high standards of food safety are					incidents or situations
			maintained to minimize the risk of food					encountered during
			poisoning, especially for vulnerable					service.
			groups such as children, the elderly,					

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Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
		pregnant women, and individuals with		Pads and notepads
		health conditions.		utilized for taking orders
		Service sequence: Follow organizational		and managing service-
		procedures for the sequence of service,		related tasks.
		including collecting food from the service		Pen.
		point, carrying dishes safely, serving cold		Waiter's uniform
		food before hot, and prioritizing guests		according to job
		such as ladies, gentlemen, children, the		requirements.
		host, and serving all guests		
		simultaneously.		
		Timing considerations for service: Take		
		into account guest needs, such as those		
		in a hurry or wishing to relax, timing for		
		groups, and kitchen requirements.		
		Working under pressure: Effectively		
		handle pressure by planning, prioritizing,		
		communicating with guests and		
		colleagues, maintaining teamwork, and		
		remaining polite and courteous.		
		Maintaining service throughout the shift:		
		Clear tables according to organizational		
		standards, waiting until all guests have		
		finished, using appropriate clearing		
		techniques, clearing to sideboards or		
		service stations, tidying the table, and		
		adjusting covers.		
		Handling food for service.		

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Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
		Types of drinks: Include hot drinks		
		(varieties of tea, instant and specialty		
		coffee, chocolate), cold drinks (water, fruit		
		juices, soft drinks, milk, yogurt-based		
		drinks), and canned or bottled beverages.		
		Accompaniments for drinks: Include		
		sugar, milk, cream, ice, lemon, and flavor		
		dustings.		
		Drink equipment: Crockery, silverware,		
		hot drink machines, coffee and espresso		
		machines, still sets, filter machines, urns,		
		blenders, steamers, cream whippers,		
		kettles, boilers, cafetières, and vacuum		
		flasks.		
		Readiness of drink supplies and		
		equipment: Ensure drink supplies,		
		accompaniments, and equipment are		
		available and ready for immediate use to		
		meet guest needs promptly.		
		Preparing and serving drinks: Follow safe		
		and hygienic practices, organizational		
		guidelines, and serve drinks promptly to		
		maintain appropriate temperatures (hot or		
		iced).		
		Keeping guest and service areas tidy:		
		Maintain cleanliness by keeping areas free		
		from rubbish and food debris, complying		
		with organizational standards, and		

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Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Knowledges	Materials Required
		presenting a professional image to		
		guests.		
		Proper waste handling and disposal:		
		Follow organizational protocols to manage		
		waste correctly and take steps to reduce		
		waste.		
		Maintaining stock of linens and table		
		items: Ensure an adequate supply of linen,		
		table items, and accompaniments to		
		promptly reset tables for the next guests.		
		Handling unexpected situations in service:		
		Address issues such as poor timing,		
		incorrect quantities or quality of dishes,		
		lack of staff, and inform the		
		restaurant/dining room manager and		
		guests, seeking support from colleagues.		
		Assisting guests as they depart: Help		
		guests by pulling out chairs, assisting with		
		coats, opening doors, thanking them for		
		their visit, and using the organization's		
		standard farewell.		
		Compliance with relevant regulations:		
		Adhere to all applicable regulations and		
		standards.		

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Examples of practical activities:

- Demonstrate how to brief staff before food and beverage service operations, conducting a detailed briefing with staff, outlining the menu, special requests, guest preferences, and service expectations.
- Perform a role play on how to meet and greet guests according to standards, welcoming guests warmly, addressing them by name, and guiding them
 to their tables.
- Role play effective coordination with kitchen management for efficient food and beverage delivery, simulating interactions with kitchen staff to ensure prompt food preparation and seamless service, emphasizing clear communication and teamwork.
- Utilize observation techniques to monitor the quality of food and beverage service, applying systematic observation methods to assess the quality of service, noting any areas that need improvement or immediate attention.
- Role play checking with guests to ensure satisfaction with each course and beverage, practicing engaging with guests after each course, soliciting feedback on their dining experience, and addressing any concerns promptly.
- Implement practices to identify and resolve food and beverage service issues, demonstrating effective problem-solving techniques to identify servicerelated issues and take corrective actions to resolve them efficiently.
- Show how to collect, record, analyze, and interpret guest feedback, collecting guest feedback systematically, analyzing the data for trends and insights, and communicate findings to management for continuous improvement.
- Employ methods to identify and share opportunities for improvement with the manager, using appropriate strategies to recognize potential areas for enhancement in the Food and Beverage Service, and effectively communicate these opportunities to the manager.
- Show how to check that condiments and appropriate accompaniments are filled, clean, and ready for guests' use
- Apply appropriate inspection method to check the cleanliness and presentation of all china, glass and silver wares
- Show how to ensure mis-en-place and mis-en-scene

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6 STRATEGY IN CURRICULUM ACCREDITATION

According to OECD, the central aim of vocational education and training (VET) programs is to provide students with the competences necessary to do specific jobs, and alongside the competences, the certification which assures employers and other stakeholders that workers have those competences.

Tourism Education Guidelines of UNWTO affirms that "One of the key components to drive the connection between education to employment is the standardization of tourism certifications. This ensures that the certifications are accepted worldwide which increase the access to tourism careers. Another key component is the access to education independent of residency and the ability to attend school in person. It is essential that access to education be done in person or online in a self-paced format that gives students the opportunity to study while working, similar to the UNWTO Tourism Online Academy which ensures the standardization of globally recognized tourism certificates".

V.I.R.Tu.A.L. Project stated that learning outcomes of the VET program are linked to ECVET System and to EQF, thus ensuring that the curriculum includes quality principles that facilitate recognition and transferability across the European Union.

The **EQF** - **European qualification framework** - is a translation device - a conversion and reading grid - which allows you to relate and position, in an eight-level structure, the different qualifications (qualifications, diplomas, certificates, etc.) issued in member countries; the comparison is based on learning outcomes. This is a meta-structure with respect to which, on a voluntary basis, Member States are called to reinterpret their education and training systems, so that there is a connection between the individual national reference systems for qualifications and qualifications and the European EQF Framework.

The EQF is therefore neither a duplication of national systems at a European level, nor an attempt to impose a homogenization of qualifications and qualifications at a European level.

The European Qualifications and Skills Framework (EQF) was designed and established to function as a true common reference code, such as to allow the various European countries to position their national systems and thus make them readable.

In V.I.R.Tu.A.L. specific curricula, we can assume that training programs are direct related to two professional figures already recognized in some of European Countries (Belgium, Czechia Germany, Malta, Slovenia) at the following EQF levels:

- Setting up, Organizing, and Cleaning Rooms Housekeeper in Hospitality: EQF LEVEL 4
- Preparation of spaces and environments for catering and table service setup Waiter in restaurant: EQF LEVEL 3 or 4.

In reality, there is no homogeneity between the different EU countries and not all of them include the two professional qualifications in question. In Italy (not Western Balkan but involved



in this Project), the relationship between EFQ Level and programs is, in the specific cases of the two V.I.R.Tu.A.L. specific curricula, referred to regional repertoires of professional qualifications. Every Region could have or not specific regulations for these professional qualifications (Housekeeper and Waiter in Restaurant). Some Regions have these professional qualifications in their Repertoires, others not. If we look at the Regions that have included the two qualifications in question in the Repertoire, we see that they range from EQF2 Level to EQF4 Level.

However, we must specify that these EQF levels are referred to the training of the professional figures/qualifications and they depend on National Qualification Frameworks in the 3 V.I.R.Tu.A.L. Project:

- Albania first adopted in law its National Qualification Framework in 2010, then adopted a revised NQF in 2018. The Albanian Qualifications Framework (AQF) comprises eight levels and includes all types and levels of qualifications and certification. It referenced its AQF to the EQF and self-certified against the Qualifications Framework of the European higher education area (QF-EHEA) in 2021. The EQF Level 4 corresponds to AQF (Albania Qualification Framework) Level 4 and to the following Vocational/Professional Qualifications: 1. State vocational matura 2. diploma issued upon completion of the vocational high school programme 3. Vocational certificate issued at the conclusion of the fouryear study programme for middle technicians/middle managers 4. Vocational certificate issued at the conclusion of the two-year programme for technicians/ middle managers 5. Vocational certificate issued at the conclusion of the oneyear programme for technicians/ middle managers 6. Vocational certificate issued at the conclusion of an apprenticeship programme; the EQF Level 2 corresponds to AQF (Albania Qualification Framework) Level 2 and to the following Vocational/Professional Qualifications: Vocational certificate issued at the completion of the two-year programme for semi-skilled workers
- The Kosovo Qualifications Framework is central to the government's aim to improve the quality of the education and training system and to drive it towards EU standards. The Qualifications Law (2008)⁵ defines the NQF as the national mechanism for classifying qualifications awarded within the national Qualification System according to a set of criteria.

The Kosovo NQF consists of eight qualifications levels, covering general education, higher education, and vocational education and training sectors. It is a lifelong learning framework, so that its qualifications cater to all types of learning contexts, such as formal, non-formal and informal learning. The

⁵ LAW NO.03/L-060 Law on National Qualifications





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qualifications levels are learning outcomes-based, as per the existing levels descriptors, distinguishing knowledge, skills, and wider competences.

The descriptors, as well as the framework overall, are strongly influenced by the EQF and draw on elements of other existing NQFs, such as the Scottish Qualifications Framework. They have been designed and developed, though, for Kosovo's conditions.

The EQF Level 4 corresponds to the KQF (Kosovo Qualification Framework) Level 4 and to the following Qualifications/Award type: Matura certificate (general or vocational education) and Vocational education diploma; The EQF Level 2 corresponds to the KQF (Kosovo Qualification Framework) Level 2 and to the following Qualifications/Award type: Certificates from non-formal providers

In North Macedonia, the NQF was adopted by law in Official Gazette No 137/2013), which came into effect in 2015 and which was amended in 2016 (Official Gazette No 30/2016). It is a comprehensive, lifelong learning framework, consisting of eight levels, of which levels 5 to 7 have two sublevels each. The EQF Level 4 corresponds to the MQF (Macedonia Qualification Framework) Level 4 and to the following "Educational Qualifications": Upper secondary general education diploma; Upper secondary technical diploma; Upper secondary arts diploma. According to the NQF law, vocational qualifications can be awarded for successful completion of part of a formal education programme (modules, courses), by completing a special programme in adult education, or through validation of non-formal learning; the EQF Level 2 corresponds to the MQF (Macedonia Qualification Framework) Level 2 and to the following "Educational Qualification Framework) Level 2 and to the following "Educational Qualification Framework) Level 2 and to the following "Educational Qualification Framework) Level 2 and to the following "Educational Qualification Framework) Level 2 and to the following "Educational Qualifications": Vocational certificate (two years).

About **ECVET - European Credit System for Vocational Education and Training** – it's a system designed to increase transparency in recognizing qualifications and competencies acquired across various European countries, facilitating the mobility and comparability of qualifications in the vocational education sector.

The conversion of ECVET points into training hours is not as universally standardized as in the case of ECTS (European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System) for higher education, but there are general guidelines that help understand how to calculate the workload.

In general, 1 ECVET corresponds to a specific amount of training hours, which may vary from country to country and depend on the specific context of the training program. However, some common guidelines suggest that 1 ECVET corresponds to:

• 25 to 30 hours of total learning workload.



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This includes both formal learning time (lessons, courses, practical training) and time spent on informal learning (self-study, exam preparation, professional practice).

- 1. **National and Regional Standards**: In some countries or regions, there may be more specific guidelines that define the exact number of hours corresponding to 1 ECVET. It is always useful to consult local regulations or the specifics of the training program.
- 2. **Type of Program**: The number of hours required to obtain 1 ECVET can vary depending on the type of training program and the complexity of the skills and knowledge that need to be acquired.
- 3. **Differences Between Formal and Informal Learning**: ECVET takes into account not only classroom hours or structured training but also the time dedicated to individual study, practical exercises, and the application of skills in work or internship contexts.

About V.I.R.Tu.A.L. specific curricula, we the number of ECVET points depends on national regulation:

- Albania has not yet implemented an ECVET system in VET
- In Kosovo, the National Qualification Authority (NQA) developed a VET credit system based on ECVET recommendations. One credit is awarded for **20 notional learning hours**. The NQA's credit system uses learning outcomes, categorizes qualifications by measuring the volume of learning, and identifies providers that have a role and responsibility in allocating credit. The NQA regulates the credit system by accrediting providers and setting criteria to determine which providers can submit qualifications for inclusion in the NQF. These criteria include strict procedures for allocating credits, which ensures that providers have the necessary capacity and expertise
- In North Macedonia, the European credit system is used for vocational education and training (ECVET) for VET qualifications but there is no information about the correspondence between ECVET points and curriculum/program length in hours.

In Italy, it's not implemented the ECVET system for vocational qualifications.

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7 GLOSSARY

Knowledge: refers to facts, concepts and principles that need to be known and/or understood in order to accomplish a task or to solve a problem.

Learning Outcome: statement of what a learner needs to know, understand and be able to do in order to achieve the terminal outcomes. A set of key learning outcomes will make up the Learning Unit.

Learning Unit: is specified in terms of Learning Elements, Knowledges and Materials

Module: Each module covers a range of learning components. These are intended to provide detailed guidance to instructors (for example the Learning Elements component) and give them additional support for preparing their lessons (for example the Materials Required component). The detail provided by each module contributes to a standardised approach to teaching, ensuring that training providers in different parts of the country have clear information on what should be taught.

Training *curriculum:* a comprehensive set of learning objectives, content, materials, and methods for evaluating participant attainment of the training goals.

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